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**European Technical Assessment Body
for construction products**



European Technical Assessment

**ETA-25/0652
of 16 September 2025**

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the
European Technical Assessment:

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Trade name of the construction product

Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar
connection

Product family
to which the construction product belongs

Post-installed reinforcing bar (rebar) connections with
improved bond-splitting behaviour

Manufacturer

Simpson Strong-Tie Australia PTY Limited
Unit 2A, 201 Power St
NSW 2761 Glendenning
AUSTRALIEN

Manufacturing plant

Simpson Strong-Tie® Manufacturing Facilities

This European Technical Assessment
contains

19 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part
of this assessment

This European Technical Assessment is
issued in accordance with Regulation (EU)
No 305/2011, on the basis of

EAD 332402-00-0601, Edition 09/2023

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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the Simpson Strong-Tie Injection system EP-XP in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars with a diameter ϕ from 8 to 40 mm according to Annex A and the injection mortar EP-XP are used for the post-installed rebar connection. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between embedded reinforcing bar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the rebar connection is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connections of at least 50 and/or 100 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance to tension load (static and quasi-static loading)	
Resistance to combined pull-out and concrete failure in uncracked concrete	See Annex C 2 to C 3
Resistance to concrete cone failure	See Annex C 1
Robustness	See Annex C 2 to C 3
Resistance to bond-splitting failure	See Annex C 2 to C 3
Influence of cracked concrete on resistance to combined pull-out and concrete failure	See Annex C 2 to C 3

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 332402-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 16 September 2025 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock
Head of Section

beglaubigt:
Baderschneider

Installation condition and application example

Figure A1: Column / wall to foundation / slab

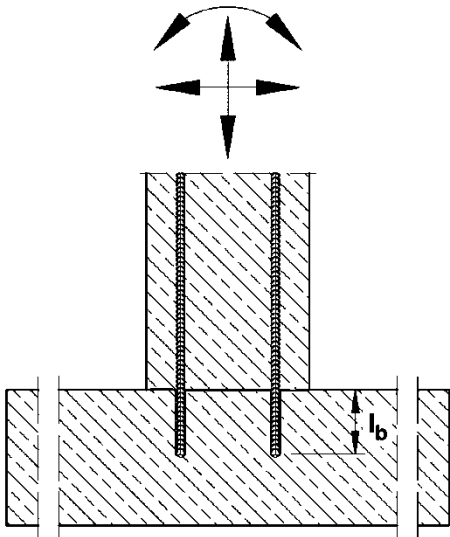
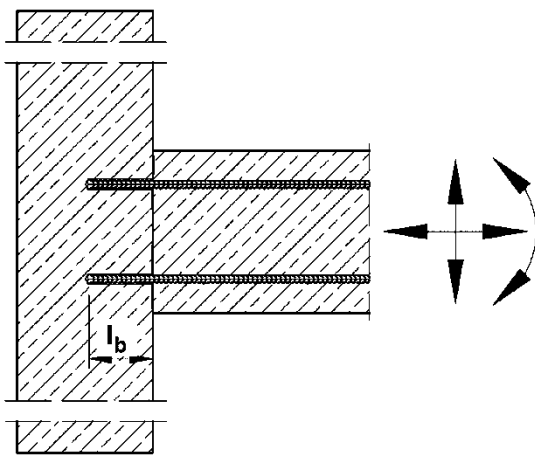


Figure A2: Slab / beam to wall or beam to column



l_b = Embedment length

The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

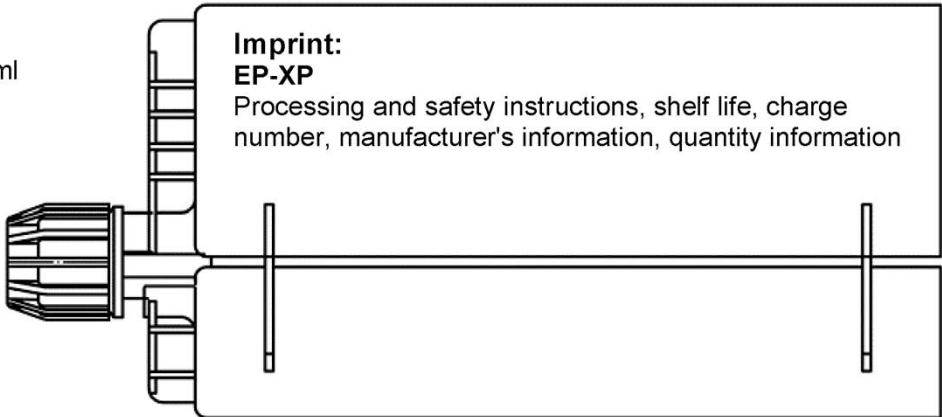
Product description

Installed condition and examples of use for rebars

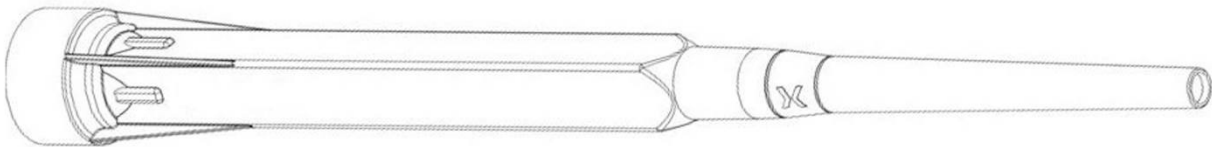
Annex A 1

Cartridge system

Side-by-Side Cartridge:
440 ml, 500 ml up to 540 ml, 585 ml
and 1400 ml



Static mixer MNXP



Piston plug and mixer extension

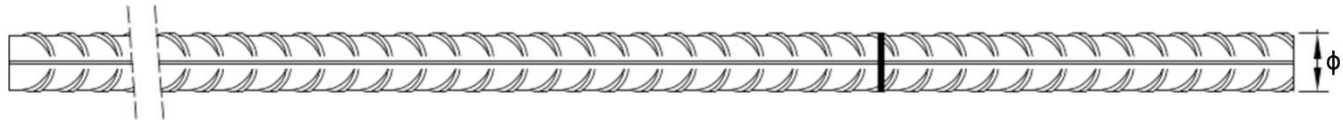


Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Product description
Injection system

Annex A 2

Reinforcing bar (rebar): $\varnothing 8$ up to $\varnothing 40$



- Minimum value of related rip area $f_{R,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- Rib height of the bar shall be in the range $0,05\phi \leq h_{rib} \leq 0,07\phi$
(ϕ : Nominal diameter of the bar; h_{rib} : Rib height of the bar)

Table A1: Materials Rebar

Designation	Material
Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C f_{yk} and k according to NDP or NCI of EN 1992-1-1/NA $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$

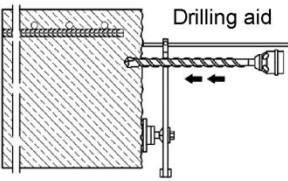
Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Product description
Specifications Rebar

Annex A 3

Specification of the intended use			
Anchorages subject to:		Working life 50 years	Working life 100 years
HD: Hammer drilling HDB: Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit CD: Compressed air drilling DD: Diamond drilling	static and quasi-static loads	Ø8 to Ø40	Ø8 to Ø40
Temperature Range:	I: - 40°C to +40°C (max long-term temperature +24 °C and max short-term temperature +40 °C) II: - 40°C to +72°C (max long-term temperature +50 °C and max short-term temperature +72 °C) III: - 40°C to +80°C (max long-term temperature +60 °C and max short-term temperature +80 °C)		
Base materials: - Compacted reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete without fibres according to EN 206:2013 + A2:2021. - Strength classes C20/25 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013 + A2:2021. - Maximum chloride content of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013 + A2:2021. - Non-carbonated concrete. Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of $\phi + 60$ mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions. Design: - Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work. - Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted. - Design according to EOTA Technical Report TR 069, Edition June 2021. - The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing. Installation: - Dry or wet concrete; for all drilling methods and all diameter. - Water-filled drill holes; for rebar Ø8 to Ø32 only. - Overhead installation allowed. - Hole drilling by hammer drill (HD), hollow drill (HDB), diamond drill (DD) or compressed air drill mode (CD). - Rebar installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site. - Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component).			
Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection			Annex B 1
Intended use Specifications			

Table B1: Minimum concrete cover $c_{\min}$ of post-installed rebar depending of drilling method

Drilling method	Rebar diameter	Without drilling aid	With drilling aid	
HD: Hammer drilling HDB: Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit	< 25 mm	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,06 \cdot l_b \geq 2 \phi$	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_b \geq 2 \phi$	
	$\geq 25 \text{ mm}$	$40 \text{ mm} + 0,06 \cdot l_b \geq 2 \phi$	$40 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_b \geq 2 \phi$	
DD: Diamond drilling	< 25 mm	Drill rig used as drilling aid	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_b \geq 2 \phi$	
	$\geq 25 \text{ mm}$		$40 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_b \geq 2 \phi$	
CD: Compressed air drilling	< 25 mm	$50 \text{ mm} + 0,08 \cdot l_b$	$50 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_b$	
	$\geq 25 \text{ mm}$	$60 \text{ mm} + 0,08 \cdot l_b \geq 2 \phi$	$60 \text{ mm} + 0,02 \cdot l_b \geq 2 \phi$	

Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed.
The minimum clear spacing is $a = \max(40\text{mm}; 4 \phi)$

Table B2: Dispensing tools

Cartridge type/size	Hand tool		Pneumatic tool
Side-by-side cartridges 440 ml, 500ml up to 540 ml, 585 ml	 e.g. SA 296C585	 e.g. Type H 244 C	 e.g. Type TS 444 KX
Side-by-side cartridges 1400 ml	-	-	 e.g. Type TS 471

All cartridges could also be extruded by a battery tool.

Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Intended use
Minimum concrete cover
Dispensing tools

Annex B 2

Table B3: Brushes, piston plugs, max embedment length and mixer extension, hammer (HD), diamond (DD) and compressed air (CD) drilling

Bar size φ	Drill bit - Ø			d _b Brush - Ø	d _{b,min} min. Brush - Ø	Piston plug	Cartridge: 440, 500-540 or 585 ml				Cartridge: 1400 ml			
	HD	DD	CD				Hand or battery tool		Pneumatic tool		Pneumatic tool			
							l _{b,max}	Mixer extension	l _{b,max}	Mixer extension	l _{b,max}	Mixer extension		
[mm]		[mm]		[mm]	[mm]		[mm]		[mm]		[mm]			
8	10		RB10	11,5	10,5	-	250	10/0,75 or 16/1,8	250	10/0,75 or 16/1,8	250	10/0,75 or 16/1,8		
	12	-	RB12	13,5	12,5	-	700		800		800			
10	14	-	RB14	15,5	14,5	14	250		250		250			
							700		1000		1000			
12							250		250		250			
	16		RB16	17,5	16,5	16	700		1300		1200	16/1,8		
14	18	RB18	20,0	18,5	18	1400								
16	20	RB20	22,0	20,5	20	1600								
20	25	-	RB25	27,0	25,5	25	500		1000		10/0,75 or 16/1,8		2000	
	-	26	RB26	28,0	26,5	25								
22	28	RB28	30,0	28,5	28									
24/25	30	RB30	32,0	30,5	30									
	32	RB32	34,0	32,5	32									
28	35	RB35	37,0	35,5	35									
32/34	40	RB40	43,5	40,5	40									
36	45	RB45	47,0	45,5	45									
40	-	52	-	RB52	54,0	52		-						-
	55	-	55	RB55	58,0	55								

Table B4: Brushes, piston plugs, max embedment length and mixer extension, hammer drilling with hollow drill bit system (HDB)

Bar size φ	Drill bit - Ø	d _b Brush - Ø	d _{b,min} min. Brush - Ø	Piston plug	Cartridge: 440, 500-540 or 585 ml				Cartridge: 1400 ml	
	HDB				Hand or battery tool		Pneumatic tool		Pneumatic tool	
					l _{b,max}	Mixer extension	l _{b,max}	Mixer extension	l _{b,max}	Mixer extension
[mm]	[mm]	No cleaning Required			[mm]		[mm]		[mm]	
8	10			-	250	10/0,75 or 16/1,8	250	10/0,75 or 16/1,8	250	10/0,75 or 16/1,8
	12			-	700		800		800	
10					250		250		250	
	14			14	700		1000		1000	
250					250		250			
12	16			16	700		1000		10/0,75 or 16/1,8	
	18			18						
20	20									
20	25			25	500					
22	28			28						
24/25	30			30						
	32			32						
28	35			35						
32/34	40			40						

Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Intended use

Parameter brushes, piston plugs, max embedment length and mixer extension

Annex B 3

Cleaning and installation tools

HDB – Hollow drill bit system



The hollow drill system consists of Heller Duster Expert and a class M vacuum cleaner with a minimum negative pressure of 253 hPa and a flow rate of minimum 150 m³/h (42 l/s).

Hand pump

(Volume 750 ml, $h_0 \leq 10$ d_s, d₀ ≤ 20mm)



Compressed air tool

(min 6 bar)



Brush RB



Piston Plug



Brush extension RBL



Table B5: Working time and curing time

Temperature in base material			Maximum working time	Initial curing time ¹⁾	Minimum curing time ²⁾
T			t _{work}	t _{cure,ini}	t _{cure}
0 °C	up to	+ 4 °C	80 min	30 h	144 h
+ 5 °C	up to	+ 9 °C	80 min	20 h	48 h
+ 10 °C	up to	+ 14 °C	60 min	15 h	28 h
+ 15 °C	up to	+ 19 °C	40 min	9 h	18 h
+ 20 °C	up to	+ 24 °C	30 min	6 h	12 h
+ 25 °C	up to	+ 34 °C	12 min	4 h	9 h
+ 35 °C	up to	+ 39 °C	8 min	3 h	6 h
+40°C			8 min	1,5 h	4 h
Cartridge temperature			+5°C up to +40°C		
1) After Initial curing time has elapsed, the installation of the connecting reinforcement and the construction of the formwork can be continued					
2) The minimum curing time is only valid for dry base material. In wet base material the curing time must be doubled.					

Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Intended use

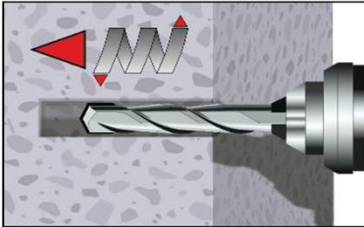
Cleaning and installation tools
Working time and curing time

Annex B 4

Installation instructions

Attention: Before drilling, remove carbonated concrete and clean contact areas (see Annex B 1)
In case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar.

Drilling of the bore hole



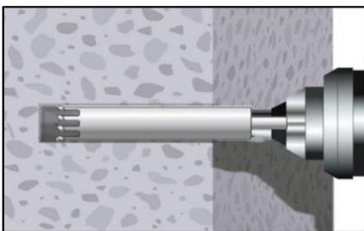
1a. Hammer drilling (HD) / Compressed air drilling (CD)

Drill a hole to the required embedment length.
Drill bit diameter according to Table B3.
Proceed with Step 2 (MAC or CAC).



1b. Hollow drill bit system (HDB) (see Annex B 4)

Drill a hole to the required embedment length.
Drill bit diameter according to Table B4.
The hollow drilling system removes the dust and cleans the bore hole.
Proceed with Step 3.



1c. Diamond drilling (DD)

Drill a hole to the required embedment length required
Drill bit diameter according to Table B3.
Proceed with Step 2 (SPCAC).

Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

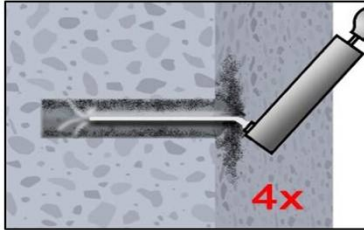
Intended use
Installation instruction

Annex B 5

Installation instructions (continuation)

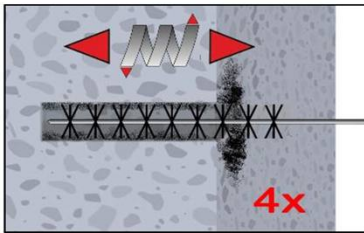
Manual Air Cleaning (MAC)

for drill hole diameter $d_0 \leq 20\text{mm}$ and drill hole depth $h_0 \leq 10\phi$ with drilling method HD/CD

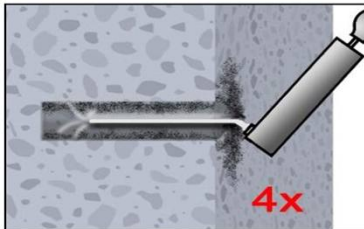


Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before cleaning.

2a. Blow the bore hole clean minimum 4x from the bottom or back by hand pump (Annex B 4).



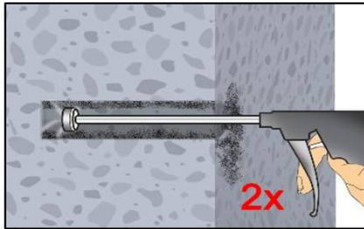
2b. Brush the bore hole minimum 4x with brush RB according to Table B3 over the entire embedment depth in a twisting motion (if necessary, use a brush extension RBL).



2c. Finally blow the bore hole clean minimum 4x from the bottom or back by hand pump (Annex B 4).

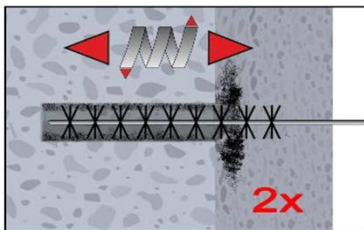
Compressed Air Cleaning (CAC):

All diameter with drilling method HD/CD

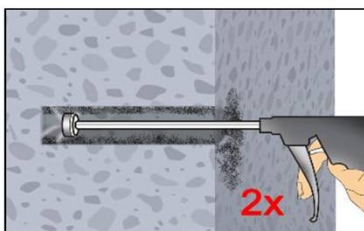


Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before cleaning.

2a. Blow the bore hole clean minimum 2x with compressed air (min. 6 bar, oil-free) (Annex B 4) over the entire embedment depth until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. (If necessary, an extension shall be used.)



2b. Brush the bore hole minimum 2x with brush RB according to Table B3 over the entire embedment depth in a twisting motion. (If necessary, a brush extension RBL shall be used.)



2c. Finally blow the bore hole clean minimum 2x with compressed air (min. 6 bar, oil-free) (Annex B 4) over the entire embedment depth until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. (If necessary, an extension shall be used.)

Protect cleaned bore hole against re-contamination in an appropriate way. If necessary, repeat cleaning process directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.

Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Intended use

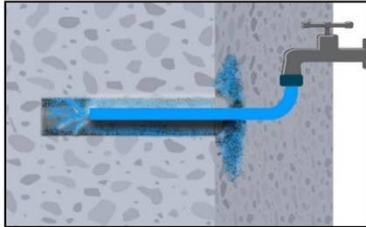
Installation instructions (continuation)

Annex B 6

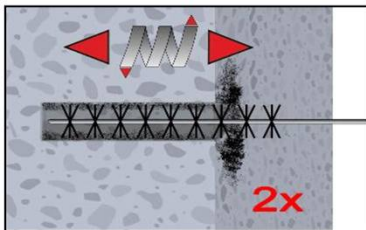
Installation instructions (continuation)

Flush & Compressed Air Cleaning (SPCAC):

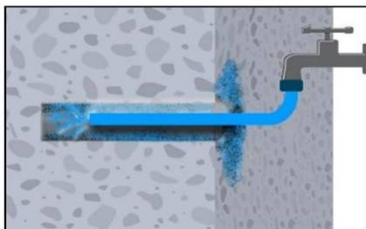
All diameter with drilling method DD



2a. Flushing with water until clear water comes out.

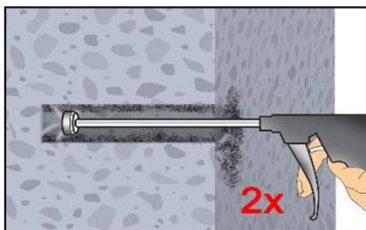


2b. Brush the bore hole minimum 2x with brush RB according to Table B3 over the entire embedment depth in a twisting motion. (If necessary, a brush extension RBL shall be used.)

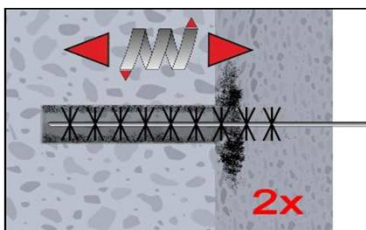


2c. Flushing again with water until clear water comes out.

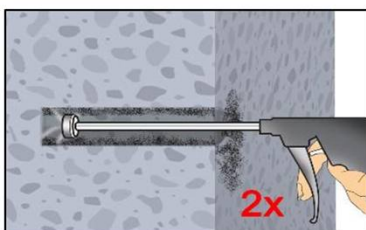
Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before proceeding.



2d. Blow the bore hole clean minimum 2x with compressed air (min. 6 bar, oil-free) (Annex B 4) over the entire embedment depth until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. (If necessary, an extension shall be used.)



2e. Brush the bore hole minimum 2x with brush RB according to Table B3 over the entire embedment depth in a twisting motion. (If necessary, a brush extension RBL shall be used.)



2f. Finally blow the bore hole clean minimum 2x with compressed air (min. 6 bar, oil-free) (Annex B 4) over the entire embedment depth until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. (If necessary, an extension shall be used.)

Protect cleaned bore hole against re-contamination in an appropriate way. If necessary, repeat cleaning process directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.

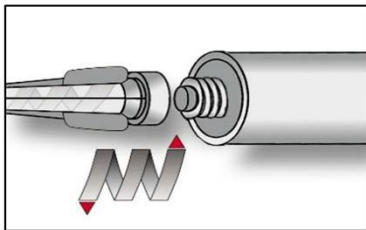
Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Intended use

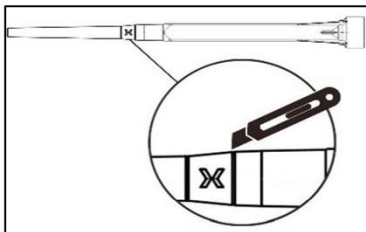
Installation instructions (continuation)

Annex B 7

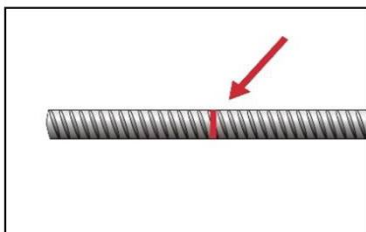
Installation instructions (continuation)



3. Screw on static-mixing nozzle MNXP, and load the cartridge into an appropriate dispensing tool.
For every working interruption longer than the maximum working time t_{work} (Annex B 4) as well as for new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used.



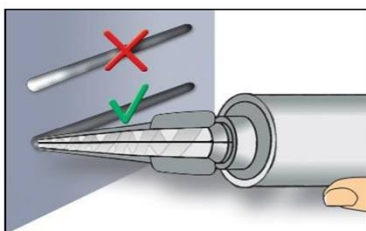
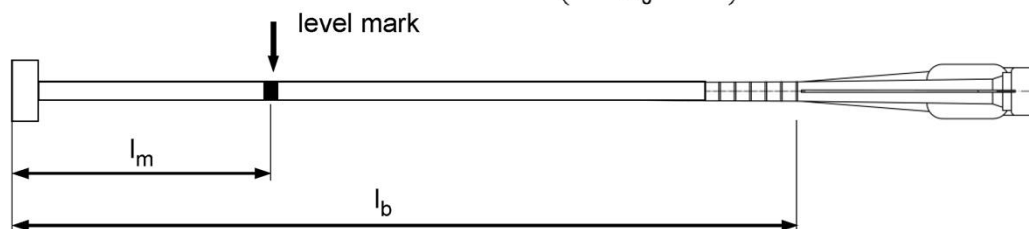
- 3a. In case of using the mixer extension 16/1,8, cut off the tip of the mixer nozzle at position „X“.



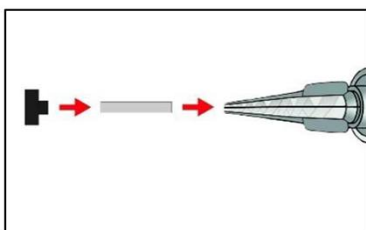
4. Mark embedment length l_b on the reinforcing bar .
The reinforcing bar shall be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.

5. Mark mixer nozzle and extension with mortar level mark l_m and embedment length l_b
Quick estimation: $l_m = 1/3 \cdot l_b$
Optimum mortar volume:

$$l_m = l_b \cdot \left(1,2 \cdot \frac{\phi^2}{d_0^2} - 0,2 \right)$$



6. Not proper mixed mortar is not sufficient for fastening.
Dispense and discard mortar until a uniform grey or red colour is shown (at least 3 full strokes).



7. Piston plugs and mixer nozzle extensions shall be used according to Table B3 or B4.
Assemble mixing nozzle, mixer extension and piston plug before injecting mortar.

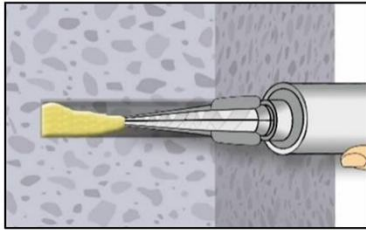
Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Intended use

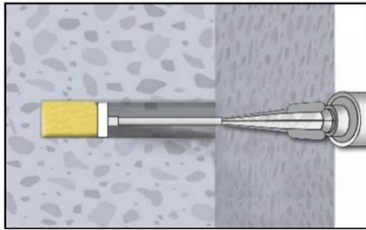
Installation instructions (continuation)

Annex B 8

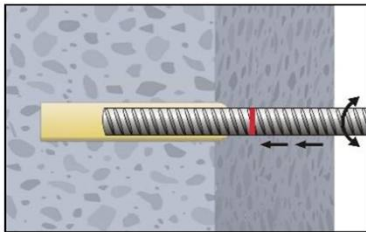
Installation instructions (continuation)



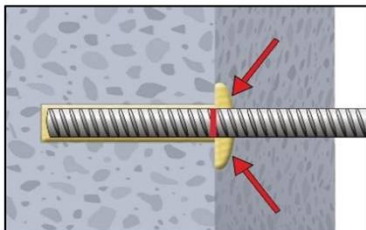
- 8a. Injecting mortar without piston plug :**
Starting at bottom of the hole and fill the hole with adhesive until the mortar level mark is visible. (If necessary, a mixer nozzle extension shall be used.) Slowly withdraw of the static mixing nozzle avoid creating air pockets
Observe the temperature related working time t_{work} (Annex B 4).



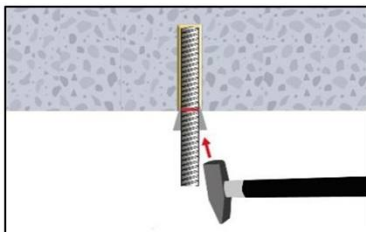
- 8b. Injecting mortar with piston plug :**
Insert piston plug to bottom of the hole and fill the hole with mortar until mortar level mark l_m is visible. (If necessary, a mixer nozzle extension shall be used.) During injection the piston plug is pushed out of the bore hole by the back pressure of the mortar.
Observe the temperature related working time t_{work} (Annex B 4).



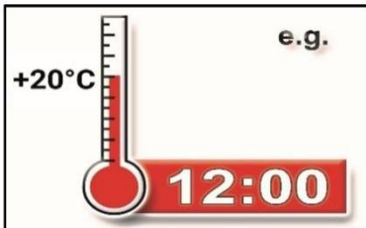
- 9.** Insert the reinforcing bar while turning slightly up to the embedment mark.



- 10.** Annular gap between reinforcing bar and base material must be completely filled with mortar. Otherwise, the installation must be repeated starting from step 8 before the maximum working time t_{work} has expired.



- 11.** For application in vertical upwards direction the reinforcing bar shall be fixed (e.g. wedges).



- 12.** Temperature related curing time t_{cure} (Annex B 4) must be observed. After initial curing time $t_{cure,ini}$ has elapsed, the installation of the connecting reinforcement and the formwork can be continued. The full load to the reinforcing bar may be applied after the full curing time t_{cure} has elapsed.

Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection

Intended use
Installation instructions (continuation)

Annex B 9

Table C1: Characteristic resistance to tension load (static and quasi-static loading) for a working life of 50 and 100 years			
Fastener			All sizes
Concrete cone failure			
Uncracked concrete	$k_{ucr,N}$	[-]	11,0
Cracked concrete	$k_{cr,N}$	[-]	7,7
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5 l_b ¹⁾
Spacing	$s_{cr,N}$	[mm]	3,0 l_b ¹⁾
1) see Annex A 1			

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Table C3: Characteristic resistance to tension load under static and quasi-static loading in diamond drilled holes (DD); working life 50 and 100 years																
Reinforcing bar				Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 24	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32	Ø 36	Ø 40	
Combined pull-out and concrete failure																
Characteristic resistance in uncracked concrete C20/25; working life 50 years																
Temperature range	I: 24°C/40°C	Dry, wet concrete and flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr,50}$	[N/mm²]	14	13	13	13	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	10
	II: 50°C/72°C				11	11	10	10	10	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,0	9,0	8,5	8,5
	II: 60°C/80°C				5,0	5,0	5,0	4,5	4,5	4,5	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0
Reduction factor $\psi_{sus,50}^0$ in cracked and uncracked concrete C20/25; working life 50 years																
Temperature range	I: 24°C/40°C	Dry, wet concrete and flooded bore hole	$\psi_{sus,50}^0$	[-]	0,77											
	II: 50°C/72°C				0,72											
	II: 60°C/80°C				0,72											
Characteristic resistance in uncracked concrete C20/25; working life 100 years																
Temperature range	I: 24°C/40°C	Dry, wet concrete and flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr,100}$	[N/mm²]	14	13	13	13	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	10
	II: 50°C/72°C				11	10	10	10	9,5	9,0	9,0	9,0	8,5	8,5	8,0	8,0
	II: 60°C/80°C				5,0	5,0	5,0	4,5	4,5	4,5	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0
Reduction factor $\psi_{sus,100}^0$ in cracked and uncracked concrete C20/25; working life 100 years																
Temperature range	I: 24°C/40°C	Dry, wet concrete and flooded bore hole	$\psi_{sus,100}^0$	[-]	0,73											
	II: 50°C/72°C				0,70											
	II: 60°C/80°C				0,72											
Increasing factors for concrete			ψ_c	[-]	$(f_{ck} / 20)^{0,2}$											
Characteristic bond resistance depending on the concrete strength class			$\tau_{Rk,ucr,50} =$		$\psi_c \cdot \tau_{Rk,ucr,50,(C20/25)}$											
			$\tau_{Rk,ucr,100} =$		$\psi_c \cdot \tau_{Rk,ucr,100,(C20/25)}$											
Influence of cracked concrete on combined pullout and concrete cone failure; working life 50 and 100 years																
Factor for influence of cracked concrete			Ω_{cr}	[-]	0,87	0,88	0,89	0,90	0,91	0,94	0,94	0,94	0,93	0,93	0,93	0,93
Bond-splitting failure; working life 50 and 100 years																
Product basic factor			A_k	[-]	5,0											
Exponent for influence of...																
- concrete compressive strength			sp1	[-]	0,34											
- rebar diameter ϕ			sp2	[-]	0,52											
- concrete cover c_d			sp3	[-]	0,66											
- side concrete cover (c_{max} / c_d)			sp4	[-]	0,28											
- embedment length l_b			lb1	[-]	0,65											
Concrete cone failure																
Relevant parameter			see Table C1													
Installation factor																
for dry and wet concrete			γ_{inst}	[-]	1,0										1,2	
for flooded bore hole					1,2					1,4					1)	
1) no performance assessed																
Simpson Strong-Tie injection system EP-XP for rebar connection													Annex C 3			
Performances																
Characteristic resistance to tension load under static and quasi-static loading; working life 50 and 100 years (DD)																